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STN AnaVist, now available  
NEWS 4 AUG 11 STN AnaVist workshops to be held in North America  
NEWS 5 AUG 30 CA/CAPLUS -Increased access to 19th century research documents  
NEWS 6 AUG 30 CASREACT - Enhanced with displayable reaction conditions  
NEWS 7 SEP 09 ACD predicted properties enhanced in REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY  
NEWS 8 OCT 03 MATHDI removed from STN  
NEWS 9 OCT 04 CA/CAPLUS-Canadian Intellectual Property Office (CIPO) added  
to core patent offices  
NEWS 10 OCT 06 STN AnaVist workshops to be held in North America  
NEWS 11 OCT 13 New CAS Information Use Policies Effective October 17, 2005  
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of CAPLUS documents for use in third-party analysis and  
visualization tools  
NEWS 13 OCT 27 Free KWIC format extended in full-text databases  
NEWS 14 OCT 27 DIOGENES content streamlined  
NEWS 15 OCT 27 EPFULL enhanced with additional content  
  
NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 13 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.0, CURRENT  
MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),  
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 13 JUNE 2005  
  
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Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that  
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\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:06:22 ON 04 NOV 2005

=>

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.21	0.21

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 2 NOV 2005 HIGHEST RN 866586-00-7  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 2 NOV 2005 HIGHEST RN 866586-00-7

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2005

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*****
*
* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from *
* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, *
* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now *
* available and contains the CA role and document type information. *
*
*****
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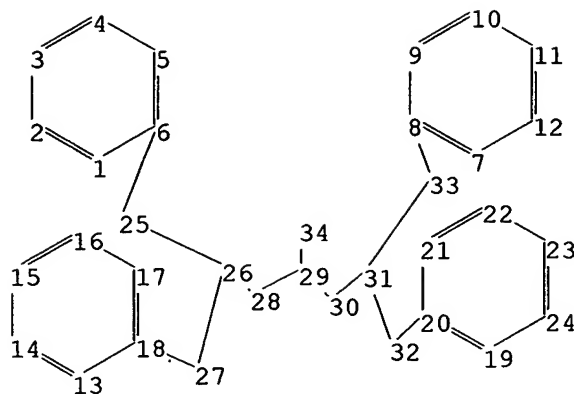
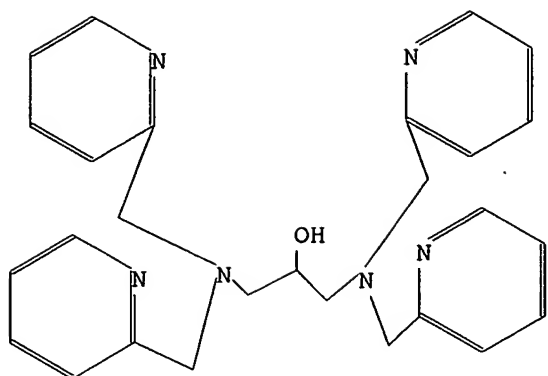
Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10784576.str



chain nodes :

25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

chain bonds :

6-25 8-33 18-27 20-32 25-26 26-27 26-28 28-29 29-30 29-34 30-31 31-32 31-33

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12 13-14 13-18 14-15 15-16 16-17 17-18 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24

exact/norm bonds :

25-26 26-27 26-28 29-34 30-31 31-32 31-33

exact bonds :

6-25 8-33 18-27 20-32 28-29 29-30

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12 13-14 13-18 14-15 15-16 16-17 17-18 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24

isolated ring systems :

containing 1 : 7 : 13 : 19 :

Match level :

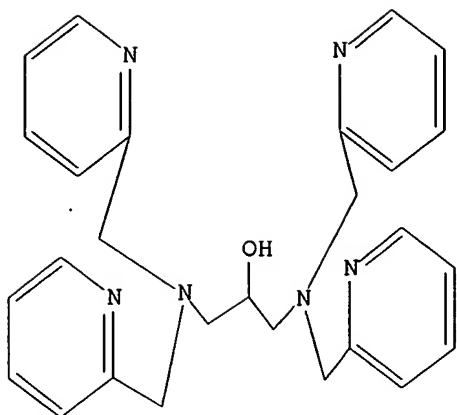
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom  
11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom  
20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:Atom 24:Atom 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:CLASS 28:CLASS  
29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 34:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 11

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 08:06:55 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
 SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 3 ITERATIONS 1 ANSWERS  
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
 BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
 PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 3 TO 163  
 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 1 TO 80

L2 1 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 08:07:03 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
 FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 90 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 90 ITERATIONS 23 ANSWERS  
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 23 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> FIL CAPLUS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	161.33	161.54

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:07:22 ON 04 NOV 2005  
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 4 Nov 2005 VOL 143 ISS 20  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 3 Nov 2005 (20051103/ED)

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<http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html>

=> s l3

L4 40 L3

=> s l4 and (conjugate or label? or functional group or peptide or biotin or linker)

62505 CONJUGATE  
55497 CONJUGATES  
96644 CONJUGATE  
(CONJUGATE OR CONJUGATES)  
423603 LABEL?  
496387 FUNCTIONAL  
4050 FUNCTIONALS  
497487 FUNCTIONAL  
(FUNCTIONAL OR FUNCTIONALS)  
1495580 GROUP  
974461 GROUPS  
2091426 GROUP  
(GROUP OR GROUPS)  
69031 FUNCTIONAL GROUP  
(FUNCTIONAL(W) GROUP)  
338860 PEPTIDE  
248049 PEPTIDES  
433953 PEPTIDE  
(PEPTIDE OR PEPTIDES)  
28266 BIOTIN  
107 BIOTINS  
28275 BIOTIN  
(BIOTIN OR BIOTINS)  
18385 LINKER  
4342 LINKERS  
20879 LINKER  
(LINKER OR LINKERS)

L5 5 L4 AND (CONJUGATE OR LABEL? OR FUNCTIONAL GROUP OR PEPTIDE OR BIOTIN OR LINKER)

=> d l5 ibib abs hitstr tot

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:398746 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:93356

TITLE: Detection and Quantification of On-Chip Phosphorylated

**Peptides** by Surface Plasmon Resonance Imaging  
Techniques Using a Phosphate Capture Molecule

AUTHOR(S): Inamori, Kazuki; Kyo, Motoki; Nishiya, Yoshiaki;  
Inoue, Yusuke; Sonoda, Tatsuhiko; Kinoshita, Eiji;  
Koike, Tohru; Katayama, Yoshiki

CORPORATE SOURCE: Biotechnology Frontier Project, Toyobo Co. Ltd.,  
Tsuruga, Fukui, 914-0047, Japan

SOURCE: Analytical Chemistry (2005), 77(13), 3979-3985

CODEN: ANCHAM; ISSN: 0003-2700

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The authors describe herein a detection and quantification system for on-chip phosphorylation of **peptides** by surface plasmon resonance (SPR) imaging techniques using a newly synthesized phosphate capture mol. (i.e., biotinylated zinc(II) complex). The biotinylated compound is a dinuclear zinc(II) complex that is suitable for accessing phosphate anions as a bridging ligand on the two zinc(II) ions. The compound was exposed on the **peptide** array and detected with streptavidin (SA) via a **biotin**-SA interaction by SPR imaging. In the conventional method using antibody, both anti-phosphoserine and anti-phosphotyrosine antibodies were required for phosphoserine and phosphotyrosine detection, resp. Detection of the phosphate group by the zinc(II) complex, however, was independent of the phosphorylated amino acid residues. The calibration curve for the phosphorylation ratios was established with a calibration chip, on which phosphoserine-containing **peptide** probes were immobilized. The **peptide** probes, which were phosphorylated on the surface by protein kinase A, were detected and quantified by SPR imaging using the zinc(II) complex, SA, and anti-SA antibody. The reaction rate and the kinetics of on-chip phosphorylation were also evaluated with the **peptide** array. The phosphorylation ratio was saturated at .apprx.20% in 2 h in this study.

IT 753451-66-0P

RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

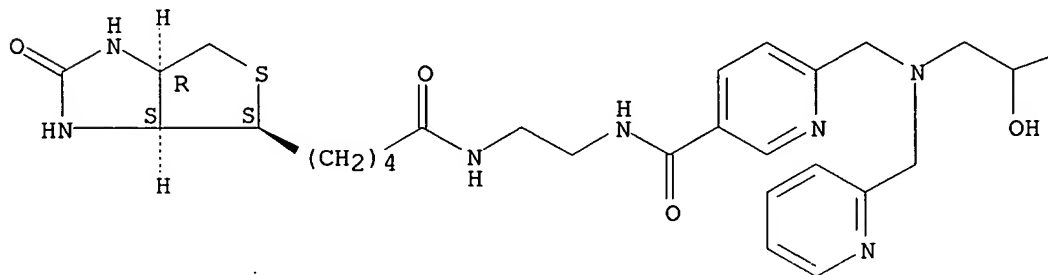
(preparation and reaction with zinc)

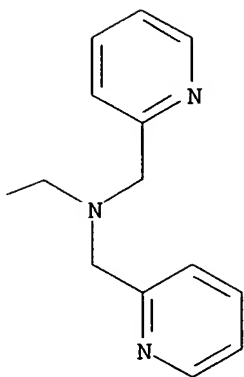
RN 753451-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[2-[[[6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-3-pyridinyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



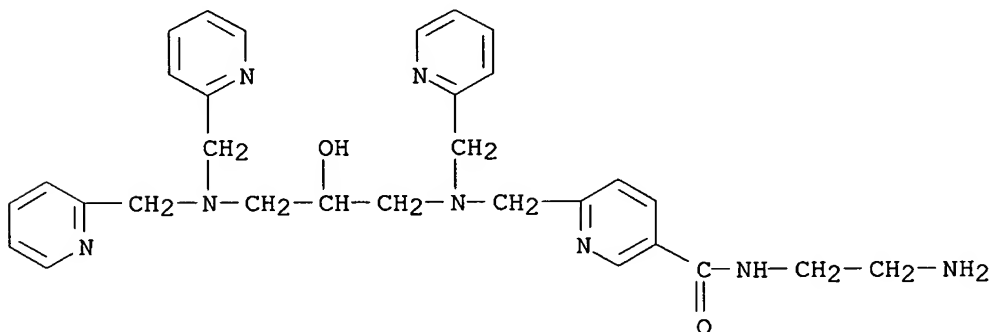


IT 753451-64-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (reaction with succinimidyl biotinate in synthesis of  
 [[biotinaminoethylcarbamoyl]pyridinylmethyl]tris(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)diaminopropanol)

RN 753451-64-8 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-(2-aminoethyl)-6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:371479 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:438383

TITLE: Method of measuring surface plasmon resonance and noble metal compound for use in the method

INVENTOR(S): Koike, Tohru; Kawasaki, Akihiko; Kobashi, Tatsuhiro; Takahagi, Makoto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kabushiki Kaisha Nard Kenkyusho, Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 2005038442      A1      20050428      WO 2004-JP15347      20041012

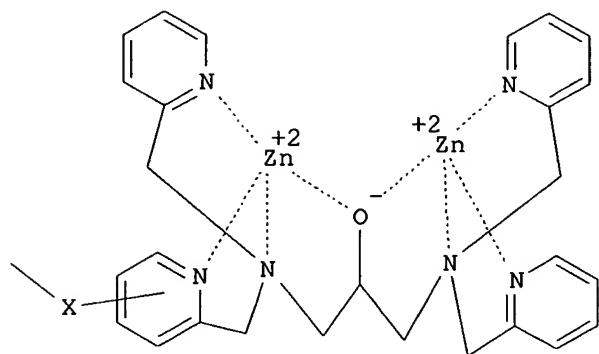
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RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2003-356934      A 20031016  
 JP 2004-44035      A 20040220  
 JP 2004-94160      A 20040329

GI



I

AB A method of measuring a surface plasmon resonance, in which the presence of phosphorylated **peptide** (protein) can be easily detected from a biosample or the like and in which whether or not **peptides** are phosphorylated can be judged; and a noble metal compound that exhibits high capability of coordinate bonding with phosphorylated **peptides** to thereby enable suitable use in this method. There is provided a 1st method of measuring a surface plasmon resonance, comprising disposing a noble metal compound on a prism bottom surface, exposing the prism to light and detecting any reflected light, wherein as the noble metal compound, one having a substituent I is employed on the side opposite to the side in contact with the prism and wherein in the noble metal compound, a test specimen is added to the side having the substituent I [X = **linker** group to noble metal].

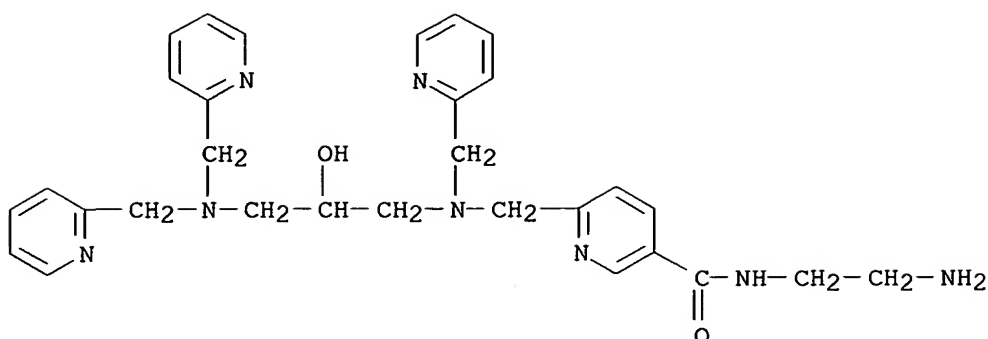
IT 753451-64-8P

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (phos-tag precursor; noble metal compound for detecting phosphorylated **peptides**)

RN 753451-64-8 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-(2-aminoethyl)-6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

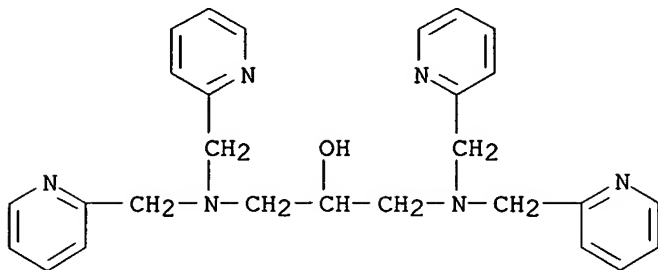
L5 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:756986 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:256962  
 TITLE: Method for measuring molecular weight of phosphoric acid monoester compound, and additive for mass spectrum measurement  
 INVENTOR(S): Koike, Tohru; Minami, Norio; Kawasaki, Akihiko  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kabushiki Kaisha Nard Kenkyusho, Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004079358	A1	20040916	WO 2003-JP16512	20031224
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
JP 2004294425	A2	20041021	JP 2003-424431	20031222
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-61939	A 20030307
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:256962				

AB A method is provided for not only confirming the presence of a compound having been converted to a phosphoric acid monoester (e.g., **peptide**, carbohydrate) even with respect to, for example, any biol. sample containing multiple compds., but also easily measuring the mol. weight of the phosphoric acid monoester compound. Also provided is an additive for mass spectrum measurement used in this method. The method comprises obtaining multiple mass spectrum data using a coordination compound which exhibits the extremely high coordination capacity for a phosphoric acid monoester group and is constituted with a single zinc isotope (e.g., <sup>64</sup>Zn, <sup>68</sup>Zn, natural isotope Zn), and comparing them with each other.

IT 122413-32-5  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (method for measuring mol. weight of phosphoric acid monoester compound by mass spectrometry using coordination compound additive)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



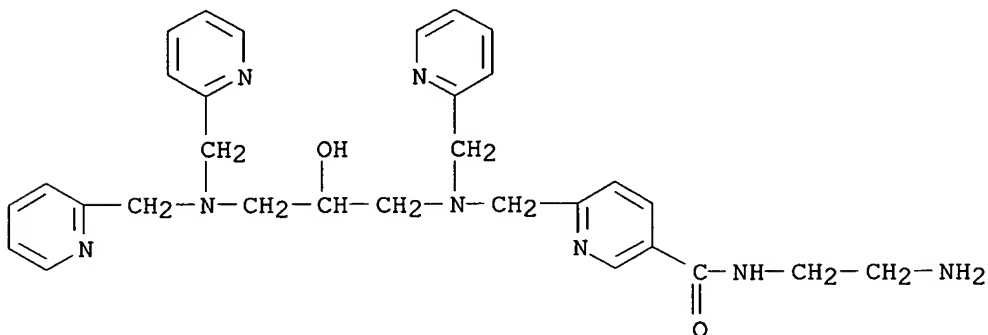
REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:756633 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:257002  
 TITLE: Trapping agent for substance having anionic substituting group  
 INVENTOR(S): Koike, Tohru; Yamamoto, Yohsuke; Takeda, Hironori; Sano, Yoshio  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Manac Inc., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

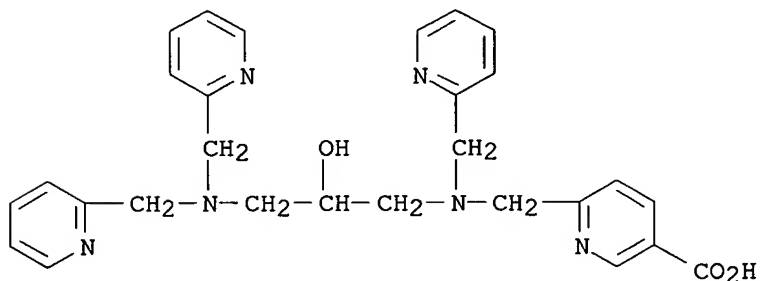
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004078342	A1	20040916	WO 2003-JP2484	20030304
W: DE, JP, US				
WO 2004078828	A1	20040916	WO 2004-JP2730	20040304
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 2003-JP2484 A 20030304  
 AB A trapping agent for a substance having an anionic substituting group is provided, which is a polymer support capable of trapping an anionic substituting group (e.g., phosphate group) by possessing the property of binding with the anionic substituting group (e.g., phosphate group) under a certain condition. The polymer support is sparingly solvent-soluble, preferably solvent-insol., as a whole, and a specific zinc coordination group which is easily separated and purified. is bound to it by a covalent bond directly or through a spacer.  
 IT 753451-64-8 756534-84-6  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (trapping agent with zinc coordination compound group for substance

having anionic substituting group)  
 RN 753451-64-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 3-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-(2-aminoethyl)-6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl] (2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 756534-84-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl] (2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:732311 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:256991

TITLE: Method for **labeling** phosphorylated **peptides**, complex compounds used in the methods, process for producing the same, and their intermediates

INVENTOR(S): Koike, Tohru; Kawasaki, Akihiko; Kobashi, Tatsuhiko; Takahagi, Makoto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kabushiki Kaisha Nard Kenkyusho, Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1455189	A1	20040908	EP 2004-4112	20040224
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				

WO 2004078724	A1	20040916	WO 2004-JP2048	20040223
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RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 2004198712	A1	20041007	US 2004-784576	20040223
CN 1526724	A	20040908	CN 2004-10007684	20040224
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-56068	A 20030303
			JP 2003-113707	A 20030418
			JP 2003-356934	A 20031016

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:256991

AB Provided are a method for easily detecting phosphorylated **peptides**, namely, proteins, in samples derived from living organisms or the like, a method for selectively adsorbing the phosphorylated **peptides**, and compds. that are highly coordinated to the phosphorylated **peptides** and usable in the methods. The complex compound is represented by the formula: wherein X is a **linker** moiety, and Y is a **labeling** group. The compound (I) is highly coordinated to a phosphorylated **peptide**. and has a **labeling** group. Accordingly, with use of the compound (I), the phosphorylated **peptide** can be easily identified.

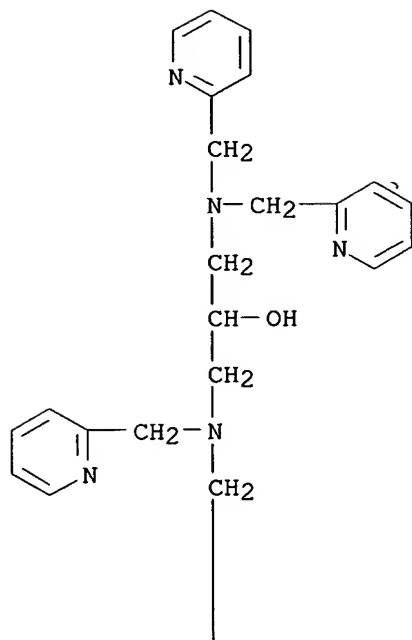
IT 753451-75-1P 753451-76-2P

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation)  
(method for **labeling** phosphorylated **peptides**, complex compds. used in methods, process for producing the same, and their intermediates)

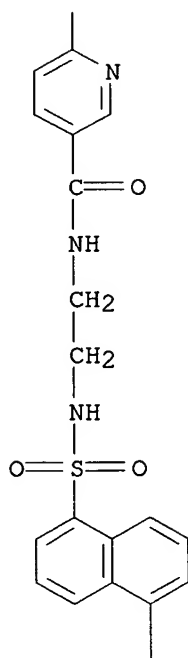
RN 753451-75-1 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxamide, 6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-N-[2-[[[5-(dimethylamino)-1-naphthalenyl]sulfonyl]amino]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

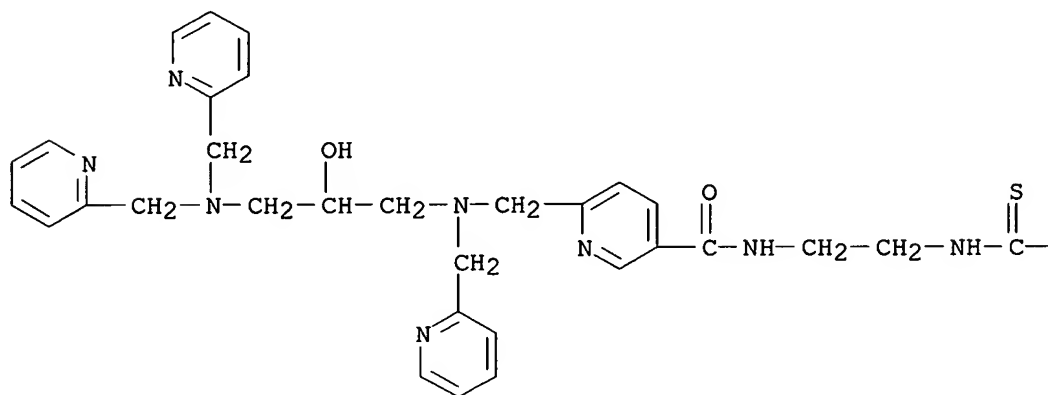


PAGE 3-A

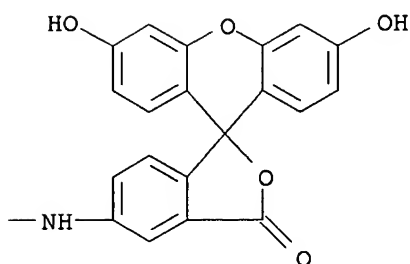


RN 753451-76-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 3-Pyridinecarboxamide, 6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-N-[2-[[[(3',6'-dihydroxy-3-oxospiro[isobenzofuran-1(3H),9'-[9H]xanthen]-5-yl)amino]thioxomethyl]amino]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

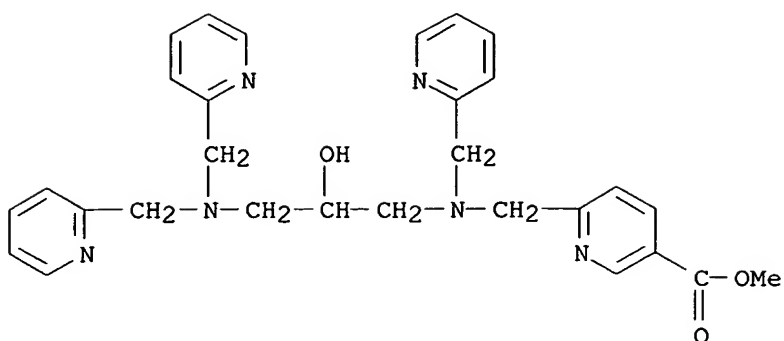


IT 753451-63-7P 753451-64-8P 753451-65-9P  
 753451-66-0P 753451-67-1P 753451-68-2P  
 753451-69-3P 753451-70-6P 753451-71-7P  
 753451-72-8P 753451-73-9P 753451-74-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

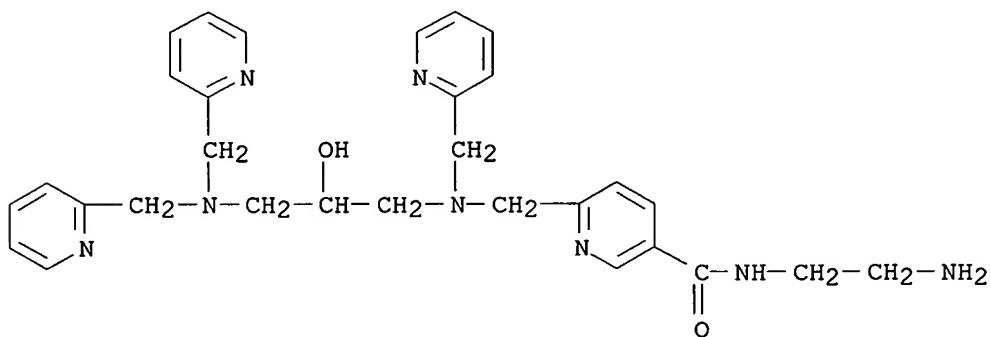
(method for **labeling** phosphorylated **peptides**, complex compds. used in methods, process for producing the same, and their intermediates)

RN 753451-63-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



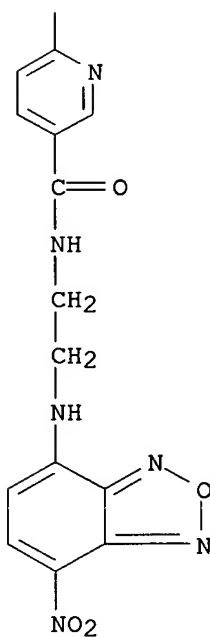
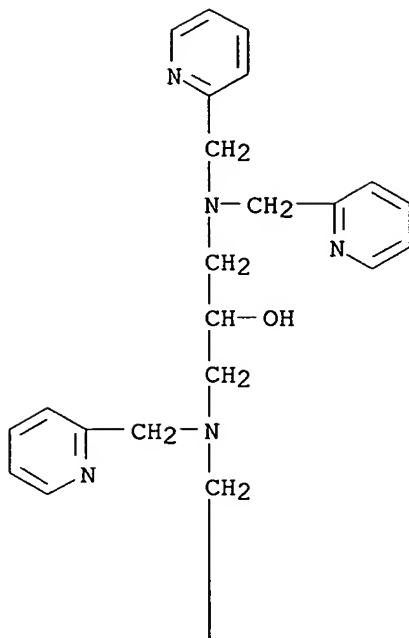
RN 753451-64-8 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-(2-aminoethyl)-6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 753451-65-9 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxamide, 6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-N-[2-[(7-nitro-2,1,3-benzoxadiazol-4-yl)amino]ethyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

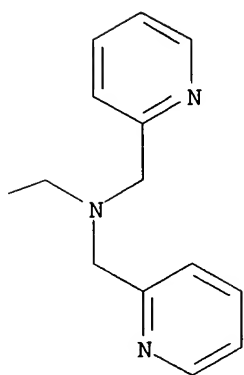
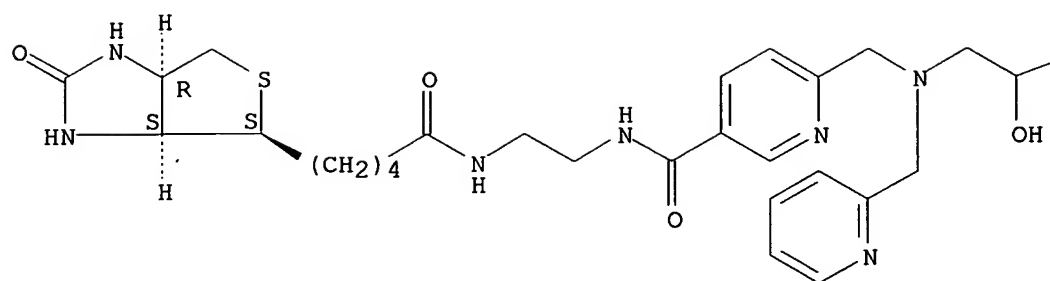


RN 753451-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[2-[[[6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino)methyl]-3-pyridinyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

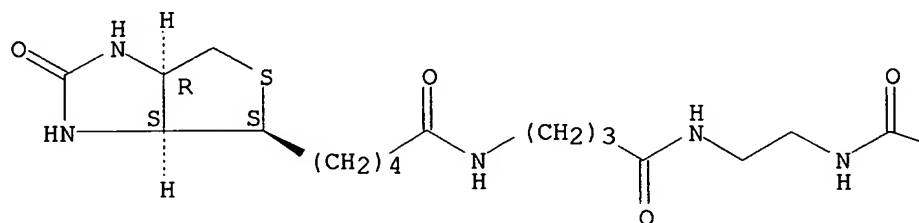


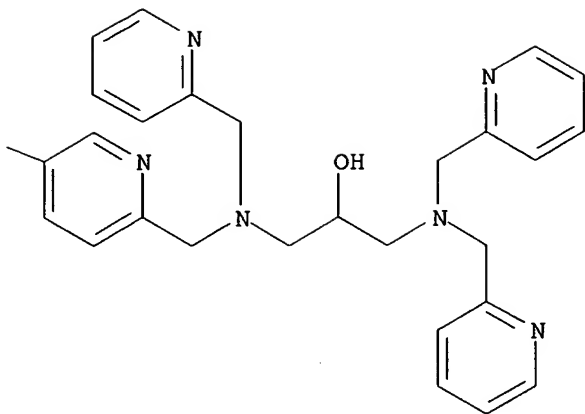


RN 753451-67-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[4-[[2-[[[6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-3-pyridinyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]amino]-4-oxobutyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

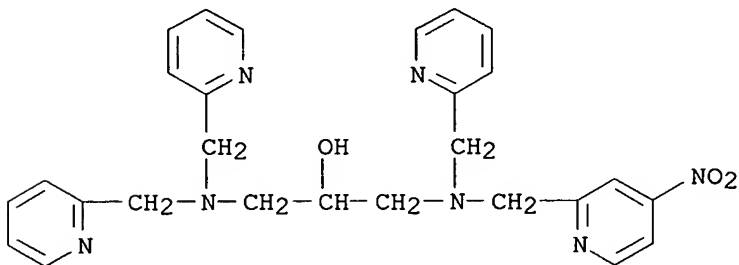
Absolute stereochemistry.





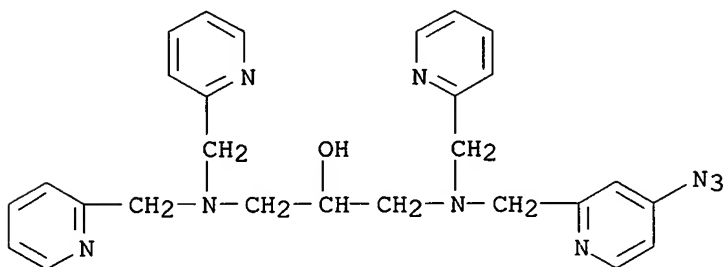
RN 753451-68-2 CAPLUS

75-1301-39-2 (CA INDEX NAME)  
CN 2-Propanol, 1-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-3-[[ (4-nitro-2-pyridinyl)methyl] (2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



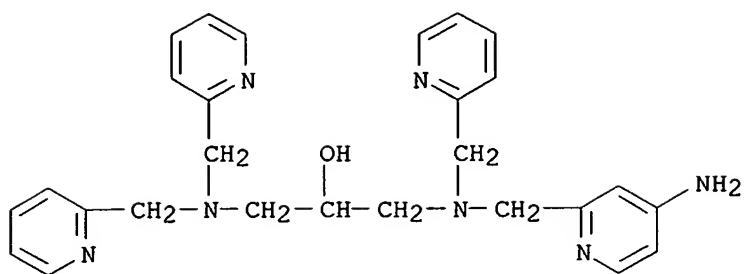
RN 753451-69-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1-[[ (4-azido-2-pyridinyl)methyl] (2-pyridinylmethyl) amino]-3-  
[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 753451-70-6 CAPLUS

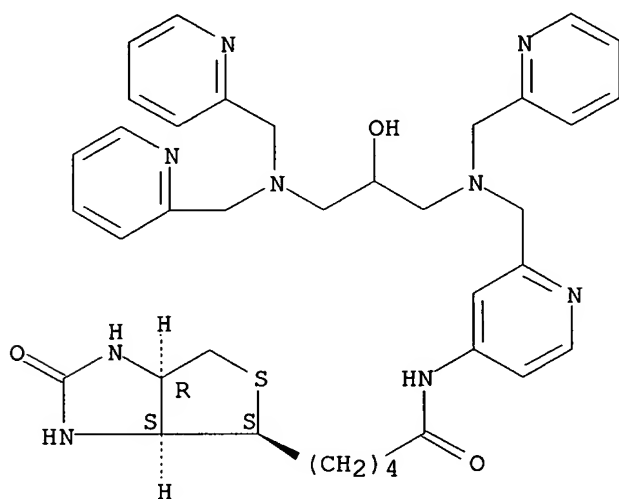
CN 2-Propanol, 1-[[ (4-amino-2-pyridinyl)methyl] (2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-3-  
[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 753451-71-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[2-[[[3-bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-4-pyridinyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

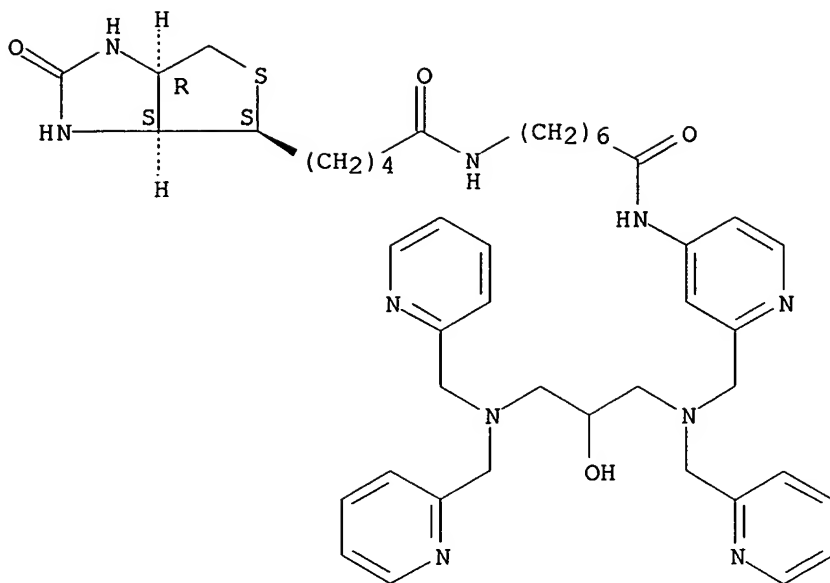
Absolute stereochemistry.



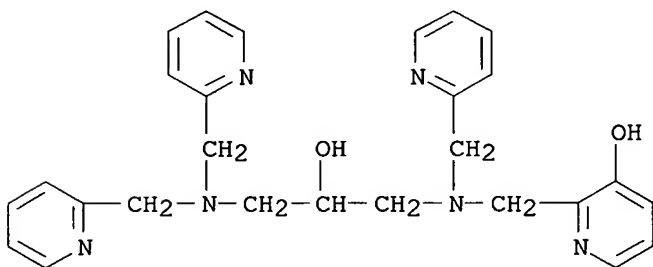
RN 753451-72-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[7-[[2-[[[3-bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-4-pyridinyl]amino]-7-oxoheptyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

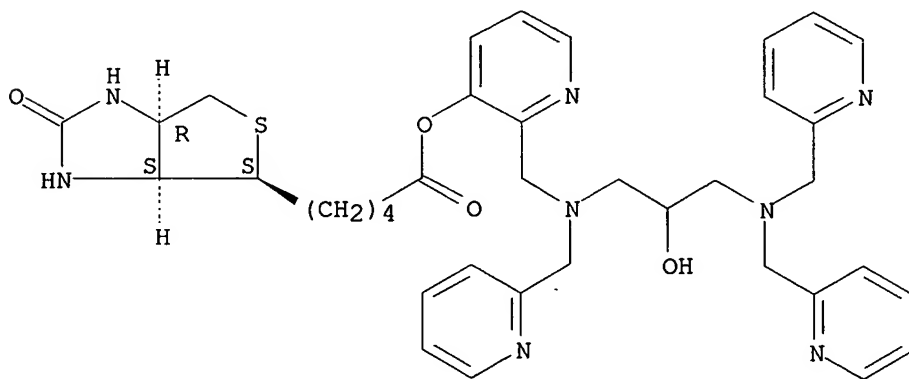


RN 753451-73-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 3-Pyridinol, 2-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl] (2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 753451-74-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanoic acid, hexahydro-2-oxo-, 2-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl] (2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-3-pyridinyl ester, (3aS,4S,6aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



=> l4 and complex  
L4 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND  
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.  
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter  
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s l4 and complex  
1226916 COMPLEX  
698516 COMPLEXES  
1510250 COMPLEX  
(COMPLEX OR COMPLEXES)  
L6 36 L4 AND COMPLEX

=> s l4 and (zinc or Zn)  
565820 ZINC  
97 ZINCS  
565839 ZINC  
(ZINC OR ZINCS)  
457926 ZN  
26638 ZNS  
478356 ZN  
(ZN OR ZNS)  
L7 12 L4 AND (ZINC OR ZN)

=> s l7 not L5  
L8 9 L7 NOT L5

=> d l8 ibib abs hitstr tot

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:931066 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:391518  
TITLE: Method and reagent for regulating enzymic activity  
INVENTOR(S): Nishiya, Yoshiaki; Tsuji, Katsumi; Komatsubara,  
Shusuke; Koike, Toru  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyobo Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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JP 2004305024	A2	20041104	JP 2003-99235	20030402
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-99235	20030402

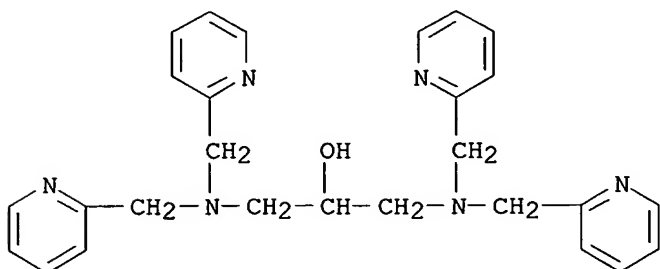
AB A method and a reagent are provided for conveniently regulating an enzymic activity (e.g., glucose dehydrogenase) without causing the inactivation of the enzyme. The method for regulating an enzymic activity is characterized in that a chelating compound (e.g., polyamine-**zinc** complex) is brought into selectively and reversibly binding to the monoester phosphoric acid part of a coenzyme (e.g., NADP). Also provided is a method for enzymically measuring a substance (e.g., inorg. phosphate), which is characterized in that a chelating compound is brought into selectively and reversibly binding to the monoester phosphoric acid part of a coenzyme. Also provided is a reagent for enzymically measuring a substance, which contains at least a cofactor, an enzyme, substrate, and a chelating compound capable of selectively and reversibly binding to the monoester phosphoric acid part of the coenzyme.

IT 122413-32-5  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(method and reagent for regulating enzymic activity using  
cofactor-chelating agent)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 2 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:274853 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:60484

TITLE: Recognition of phosphate monoester dianion by an  
alkoxide-bridged dinuclear **zinc**(II) complex

AUTHOR(S): Kinoshita, Eiji; Takahashi, Makoto; Takeda, Hironori;  
Shiro, Motoo; Koike, Tohru

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Functional Molecular Science, Graduate  
School of Biomedical Sciences, Hiroshima University,  
Minami-ku, 734-8551, Japan

SOURCE: Dalton Transactions (2004), (8), 1189-1193

CODEN: DTARAF; ISSN: 1477-9226

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Recognition of phosphate monoester dianion by an alkoxide-bridged  
dinuclear **zinc**(II) complex (Zn<sub>2</sub>L<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup>) has been studied (L =  
alkoxide species of 1,3-bis[bis(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)amino]propan-2-ol).  
Potentiometric pH titration study disclosed a 1:1 Ph phosphate complexation  
with Zn<sub>2</sub>L<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup> in aqueous solution. The dissociation constant (= [Zn<sub>2</sub>L<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup>][PhOPO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>]/  
[Zn<sub>2</sub>L<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup>-PhOPO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>]) is an extremely small value of 2.5 × 10<sup>-8</sup> mol  
dm<sup>-3</sup> at 25 °C with I = 0.10 (NaNO<sub>3</sub>). The X-ray crystal anal. of  
the dizinc(II) complex with p-nitrophenyl phosphate showed that the  
phosphate dianion binds as a bridging ligand to the two **zinc**(II)  
ions.

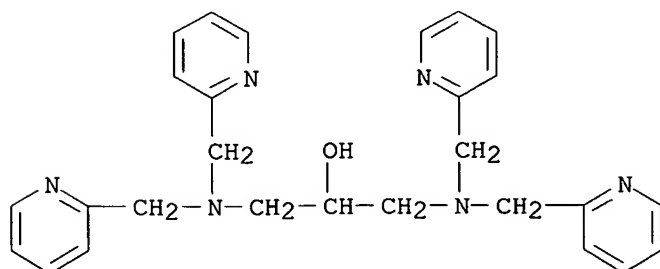
IT 122413-32-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(phosphate monoester dianion recognition of by alkoxide-bridged  
dinuclear **zinc**(2+) complex as studied by potentiometry)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:104944 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:423909

TITLE: Dinuclear Zn<sup>2+</sup> complexes in the hydrolysis of the phosphodiester linkage in a diribonucleoside monophosphate diester

AUTHOR(S): Yashiro, Morio; Kaneiwa, Hideki; Onaka, Kenichi; Komiyama, Makoto

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Applied Chemistry, Faculty of Engineering, Tokyo Polytechnic University, Atsugi, Kanagawa, 243-0297, Japan

SOURCE: Dalton Transactions (2004), (4), 605-610

CODEN: DTARAF; ISSN: 1477-9226

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Dizinc complexes that were formed from 2 : 1 mixts. of Zn(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and dinucleating ligands TPHP (1), TPmX (2) or TPpX (3) in aqueous solns. efficiently hydrolyzed diribonucleoside monophosphate diesters (NpN) under mild conditions. The dinucleating ligand affected the structure of the aquo-hydroxo-dizinc core, resulting in different characteristics in the catalytic activities towards NpN cleavage. The pH-rate profile of ApA cleavage in the presence of (Zn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-1 was sigmoidal, whereas those of (Zn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-2 and (Zn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-3 were bell-shaped. The pH titration study indicated that (Zn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-1 dissocs. only one aquo proton (up to pH 12), whereas (Zn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-2 dissocs. three aquo protons (up to pH 10.7). The observed differences in the pH-rate profile are attributable to the various distributions of the monohydroxo-dizinc species, which are responsible for NpN cleavage. As compared to that using (Zn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-1, the NpN cleavage using (Zn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-2 showed a greater rate constant, with a higher product ratio of 3'-NMP/2'-NMP. The saturation behaviors of the rate, with regard to the concentration

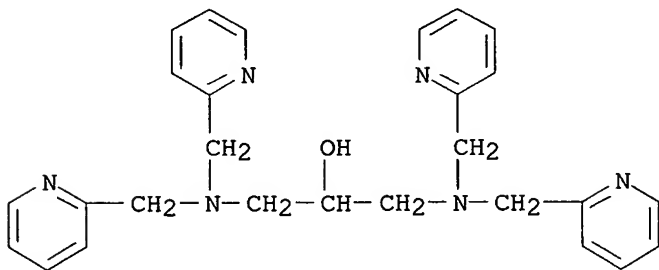
of NpN, were analyzed by Michaelis-Menten type kinetics. Although the binding of (Zn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-2 to ApA was weaker than that of (Zn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-1, (Zn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-2 showed a greater k<sub>cat</sub> value than (Zn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-1, resulting in higher ApA cleavage activity of the former.

IT 122413-32-5

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(dinuclear Zn<sup>2+</sup> complexes in hydrolysis of the phosphodiester linkage in diribonucleoside monophosphate diester)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

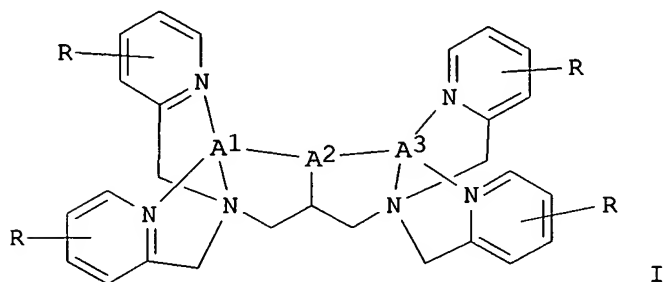


REFERENCE COUNT: 64 THERE ARE 64 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:511300 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:94262  
 TITLE: Preparation of **zinc** complexes capable of scavenging substances bearing anionic substituents  
 INVENTOR(S): Koike, Tohru; Suzuki, Masatatsu; Shionoya, Mitsuhiko  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003053932	A1	20030703	WO 2002-JP13341	20021220
W: DE, JP, US				
US 2005038258	A1	20050217	US 2004-878131	20040621
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-390395	A 20011221
			WO 2002-JP13341	A1 20021220

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:94262  
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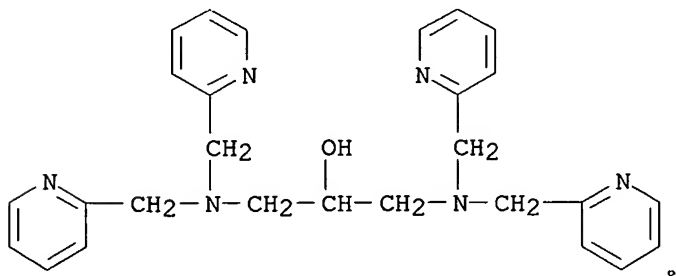
AB The title compds. I [R = H, C1-C16 alkyl, etc.; A1 = A3 = Zn<sup>2+</sup>; A2 = O-] are prepared I are useful as additives in mass spectrometry, NMR, etc.

IT 122413-32-5 553645-33-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of **zinc** complexes capable of scavenging substances bearing anionic substituents useful in mass spectrometry and NMR)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS

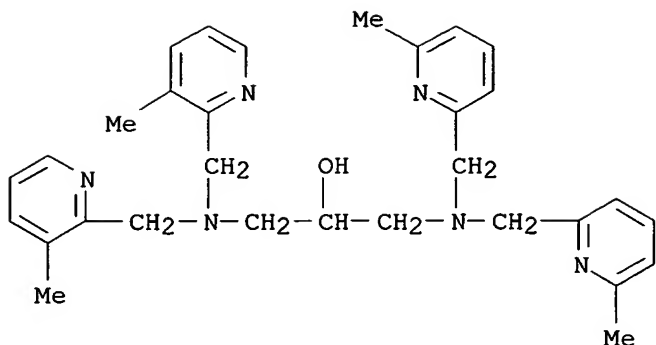
CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 553645-33-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1-[bis[(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]-3-[bis[(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:174647 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:72017

TITLE: **Zinc**(II) complexes of tetrapodal ligands derived from tetra-substituted 1,n-diaminoalcohols

AUTHOR(S): Adams, Harry; Bradshaw, Darren; Fenton, David E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, The University of Sheffield, Sheffield, S3 7HF, UK

SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Dalton Transactions (2002), (6), 925-930

CODEN: JCSDA; ISSN: 1472-7773

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:72017

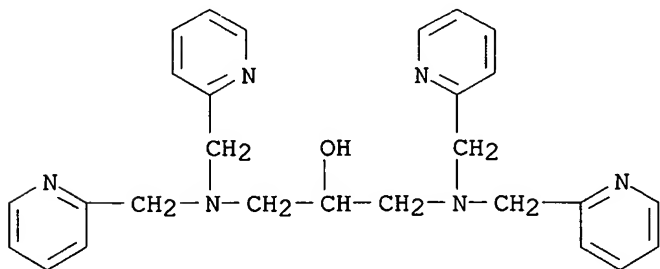
AB Dinuclear **Zn**(II) complexes were prepared from one nonsym. and two sym. compartmental ligands in which the pendant arms, bearing pyridyl and phenolic functions, are bridged by spacers derived from 1,n-diaminoalcs. The x-ray crystal structures of four complexes [Zn<sub>2</sub>L<sub>1</sub>(OAc)](ClO<sub>4</sub>)·2·MeOH (1a), [Zn<sub>2</sub>L<sub>1</sub>(OAc)](BPh<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (2a), [Zn<sub>2</sub>L<sub>2</sub>(OAc)](PF<sub>6</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (4a) and [Zn<sub>2</sub>L<sub>3</sub>(OAc)]·2.5H<sub>2</sub>O·1.5MeOH (8a) are reported.

IT 122413-32-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reaction with **zinc** salt)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:169459 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:363145

TITLE: Enhanced nucleophilicity and depressed electrophilicity of peroxide by **zinc**(II), aluminum(III) and lanthanum(III) ions

AUTHOR(S): Nishino, Satoshi; Kobayashi, Teruyuki; Matsushima, Hideaki; Tokii, Tadashi; Nishida, Yuzo

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Yamagata University, Yamagata, 990-8560, Japan

SOURCE: Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung, C: Journal of Biosciences (2001), 56(1/2), 138-143  
CODEN: ZNCBDA; ISSN: 0939-5075

PUBLISHER: Verlag der Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

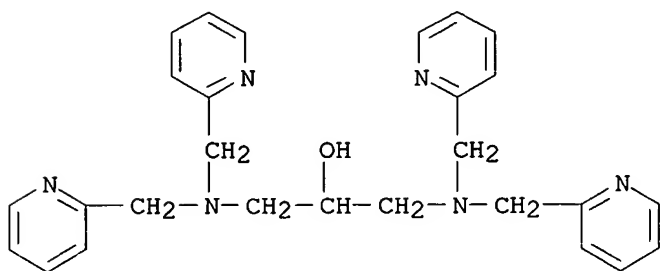
AB The binuclear **zinc**(II) complex,  $[\text{Zn}_2(\text{HPTP})(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})]^{2+}$  was found highly active to cleave DNA (double-strand super-coiled DNA, pBR322 and  $\phi$ 174) in the presence of hydrogen peroxide. However, no TBARS (2-thiobarbituric acid reactive substance) formation was detected in a solution containing 2-deoxyribose (or 2'-deoxyguanosine, etc); where (HPTP) represents N,N,N'-N'-tetrakis(2-pyridylmethyl)-1,3-diamino-2-propanol. These facts imply that DNA cleavage reaction by the binuclear **Zn**(II)/H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> system should be due to a hydrolytic mechanism, which may be attributed to the enhanced nucleophilicity but depressed electrophilicity of the peroxide ion coordinated to the **zinc**(II) ion. DFT (d.-functional theory) calcns. on the peroxide adduct of monomeric **zinc**(II) have supported the above consideration. Similar DFT calcns. on the peroxide adducts of the Al(III) and La(III) compds. have revealed that electrophilicity of the peroxide ion in these compds. is strongly reduced. This gives an important information to elucidate the fact that La<sup>3+</sup> can enhance the growth of plants under certain conditions.

IT 122413-32-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(binuclear **zinc**(II) complex ( $[\text{Zn}_2(\text{HPTP})(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})]^{2+}$ )  
cleaves DNA in presence of hydrogen peroxide)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS

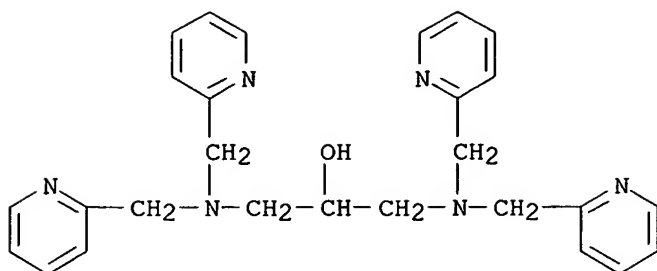
CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 122413-32-5D, **Zn**(II) complex

RL: PRP (Properties)  
(enhanced nucleophilicity and depressed electrophilicity of peroxide by  
**zinc**(II), aluminum(III) and lanthanum(III) ions)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 7 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:683864 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:320798

TITLE: Trinuclear **Zn**(II) complex for the efficient and structure dependent hydrolysis of RNA

AUTHOR(S): Yashiro, Morio; Ishikubo, Akira; Komiyama, Makoto

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem. Biotechnol., Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, 113, Japan

SOURCE: Nucleic Acids Symposium Series (1996), 35(Twentythird Symposium on Nucleic Acids Chemistry, 1996), 103-104  
CODEN: NACSD8; ISSN: 0261-3166

PUBLISHER: Oxford University Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB A trinuclear **Zn**(II) complex is newly prepared using a ligand having six pyridine moieties, N,N,N',N',N'',N''-hexakis(2-pyridylmethyl){tris-(2-aminoethyl)amine} (L1). The trinuclear **Zn**(II)3-L1 complex efficiently hydrolyzes diribonucleotides at pH 7 and 50 °C; its activity is much greater than that of a dinuclear (**Zn**(II))2-(1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-propanol) complex. The hydrolysis by the trinuclear **Zn**(II)3-L1 complex is also unique in the product ratio; highly selective over the 2'-monophosphate is observed

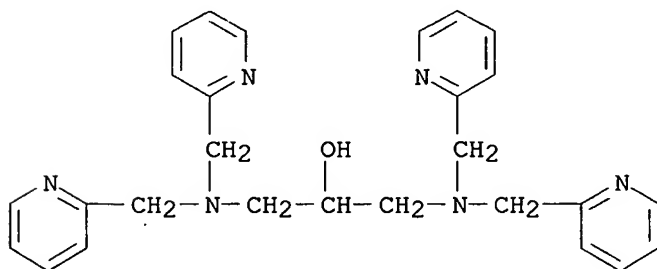
IT 122413-32-5D, 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-, zinc complex

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(trinuclear **zinc**(II) complex for efficient and structure dependent hydrolysis of RNA)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 8 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

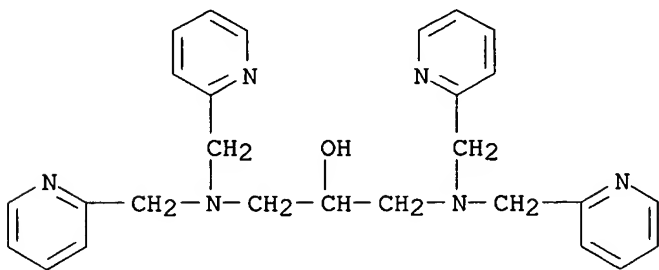
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:85591 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:197628  
 TITLE: Dinuclear metal complexes for efficient RNA hydrolysis  
 AUTHOR(S): Ishikubo, Akira; Yashiro, Morio; Komiyama, Makoto  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem. Biotechnol., Grad. Sch. Eng., Univ. Tokyo, Hongo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, 113, Japan  
 SOURCE: Nucleic Acids Symposium Series (1995), 34 (Twentysecond Symposium on Nucleic Acids Chemistry, 1995), 85-6  
 CODEN: NACSD8; ISSN: 0261-3166  
 PUBLISHER: IRL Press  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Dinuclear **Zn**(II) and **La**(III) complexes with TPHP efficiently hydrolyze a dinucleotide, ApA, under mild conditions (TPHP = N,N,N',N'-tetrakis[(2-pyridyl)methyl]-2-hydroxy-1,3-diaminopropane). [Zn2(TPHP)]<sup>3+</sup> hydrolyzes ApA with an extremely high activity; the pseudo-first-order rate constant is  $8.4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ h}^{-1}$  at pH 7, 50° when [[Zn2(TPHP)]<sup>3+</sup>] = 2.5 mM. Free **Zn**(II) ion shows no hydrolysis activity under the conditions. Enormous acceleration of the hydrolysis by the dinuclear complex formation was also observed for **La**(III) ion. Its activity for the ApA hydrolysis is 100-fold greater than that of free **La**(III) ion. These dinuclear complexes are promising for the active sites of artificial RNases.

IT 122413-32-5D, metal complexes  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (dinuclear metal complexes for efficient RNA hydrolysis)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 9 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:805448 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:74662  
 TITLE: Preparation and study of dinuclear **zinc**(II) complex for the efficient hydrolysis of the phosphodiester linkage in a diribonucleotide

AUTHOR(S): Yashiro, Morio; Ishikubo, Akira; Komiyama, Makoto  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Eng., Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, 113, Japan  
 SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Chemical Communications (1995), (17), 1793-4  
 CODEN: JCCCAT; ISSN: 0022-4936  
 PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

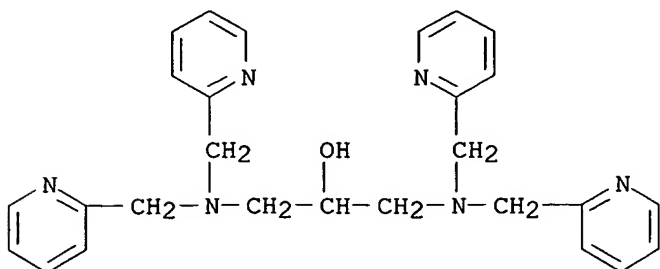
AB A dinuclear **zinc**(II) complex with N,N,N',N'-tetrakis[(2-pyridyl)methyl]-2-hydroxy-1,3-diaminopropane efficiently hydrolyses ApA [adenylyl(3'-5')adenosine] at pH 7 and 50°C; the complex can thus be regarded as a good artificial RNase which effectively mimics enzyme active sites.

IT 122413-32-5  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(for formation of mono- and dinuclear **zinc** complexes of  
tetrakis(pyridylmethyl)diaminopropanol)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



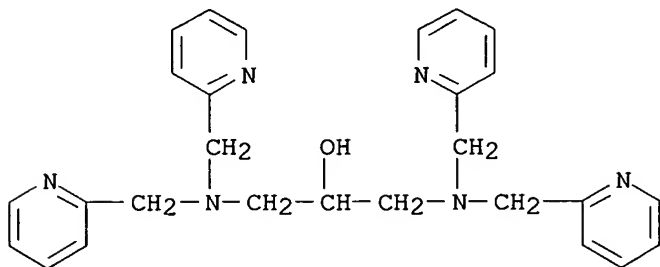
IT 122413-32-5D, **zinc** complex

RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and study of dinuclear **zinc** complex for hydrolysis of phosphodiester linkage in diribonucleotides)

RN 122413-32-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1,3-bis[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> s 14 and (antibody or antigen or immunogen or carrier or avidin)

284457 ANTIBODY

331868 ANTIBODIES

446092 ANTIBODY

(ANTIBODY OR ANTIBODIES)

280714 ANTIGEN

224389 ANTIGENS

352649 ANTIGEN

(ANTIGEN OR ANTIGENS)

6048 IMMUNOGEN

3371 IMMUNOGENS

8443 IMMUNOGEN

(IMMUNOGEN OR IMMUNOGENS)

258419 CARRIER

143456 CARRIERS

337397 CARRIER

(CARRIER OR CARRIERS)

7642 AVIDIN

4385 AVIDINS

9225 AVIDIN

(AVIDIN OR AVIDINS)

L9

1 L4 AND (ANTIBODY OR ANTIGEN OR IMMUNOGEN OR CARRIER OR AVIDIN)

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L9 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:398746 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:93356

TITLE: Detection and Quantification of On-Chip Phosphorylated Peptides by Surface Plasmon Resonance Imaging Techniques Using a Phosphate Capture Molecule

AUTHOR(S): Inamori, Kazuki; Kyo, Motoki; Nishiya, Yoshiaki; Inoue, Yusuke; Sonoda, Tatsuhiko; Kinoshita, Eiji; Koike, Tohru; Katayama, Yoshiki

CORPORATE SOURCE: Biotechnology Frontier Project, Toyobo Co. Ltd., Tsuruga, Fukui, 914-0047, Japan

SOURCE: Analytical Chemistry (2005), 77(13), 3979-3985

CODEN: ANCHAM; ISSN: 0003-2700

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The authors describe herein a detection and quantification system for on-chip phosphorylation of peptides by surface plasmon resonance (SPR) imaging techniques using a newly synthesized phosphate capture mol. (i.e., biotinylated zinc(II) complex). The biotinylated compound is a dinuclear zinc(II) complex that is suitable for accessing phosphate anions as a bridging ligand on the two zinc(II) ions. The compound was exposed on the peptide array and detected with streptavidin (SA) via a biotin-SA interaction by SPR imaging. In the conventional method using **antibody**, both anti-phosphoserine and anti-phosphotyrosine **antibodies** were required for phosphoserine and phosphotyrosine detection, resp. Detection of the phosphate group by the zinc(II) complex, however, was independent of the phosphorylated amino acid residues. The calibration curve for the phosphorylation ratios was established with a calibration chip, on which phosphoserine-containing peptide probes were immobilized. The peptide probes, which were phosphorylated on the surface by protein kinase A, were detected and quantified by SPR imaging using the zinc(II) complex, SA, and anti-SA **antibody**. The reaction rate and the kinetics of on-chip phosphorylation were also evaluated with the peptide array. The phosphorylation ratio was saturated at .apprx.20% in 2 h in this study.

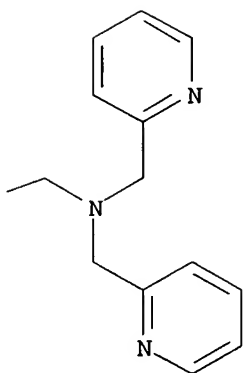
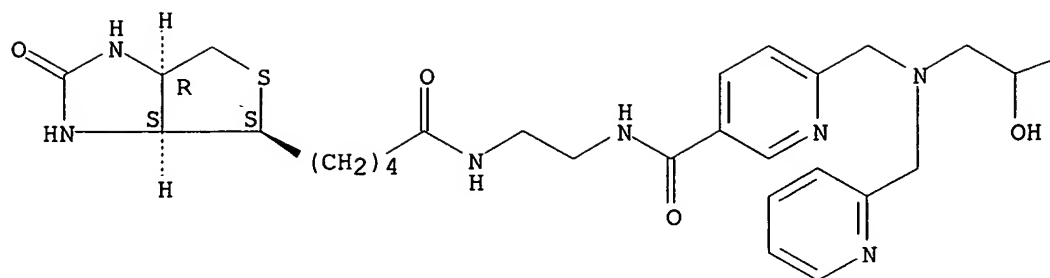
IT 753451-66-0P

RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation and reaction with zinc)

RN 753451-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[2-[[[6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino)methyl]-3-pyridinyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

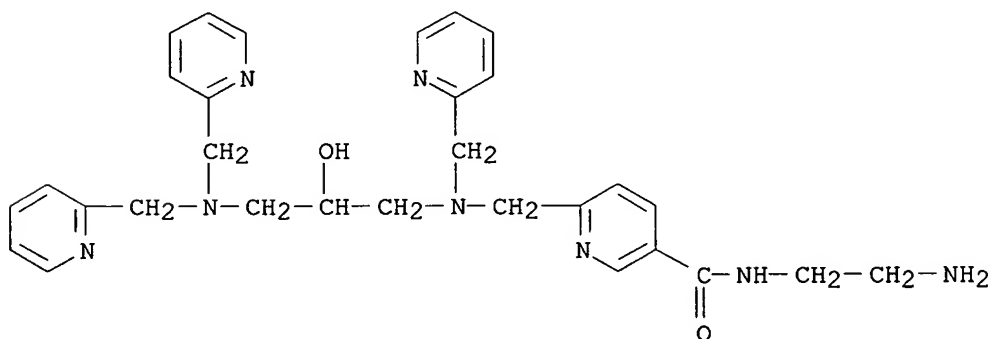


IT 753451-64-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction with succinimidyl biotinate in synthesis of  
[[biotinaminoethylcarbamoyl]pyridinylmethyl]tris(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)diaminopropanol)

RN 753451-64-8 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-(2-aminoethyl)-6-[[[3-[bis(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropyl](2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
116.40	277.94

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
-10.95	-10.95

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